



Zip Wax Car Wash & Wax

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations
US GHS SDS

Date of Issue: 04/16/2021

Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Zip Wax Car Wash & Wax

Product Code: T-75A (50405), T-75AS (50407), T-77C (50409), T-78 (50410), T-78C (50410), T-78C (50411), T-78PD (50412), T-79 (50413), T-79S (50414), 53774, 53773

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Motor Vehicle Wash

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Manufacturer

Turtle Wax, Inc.

2250 W. Pinehurst Blvd., Suite 150

Addison, IL 60101-6103

Phone Number: 1(630)455-3700

Toll-Free Number: 1(800)887-8539

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : CHEMTREC
Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 or +1-703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Eye Irrit. 2B H320

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Signal Word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H320 - Causes eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) : P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	%	GHS US classification
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives, sodium salts	Sodium C10-16 Alkylbenzenesulfonate / Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C10-16-alkyl derivatives, sodium salts / Sodium n-alkyl (C10-16) benzenesulfonate	(CAS-No.) 68081-81-2	1.5 – 3	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

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Sodium lauryl sulfate	Dodecyl sodium sulfate / Dodecyl sulfate, sodium / Dodecyl sulfate, sodium salt / Sodium dodecyl sulfate / Sodium dodecyl sulphate	(CAS-No.) 151-21-3	<2	Flam. Sol. 2, H228 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 Comb. Dust
1,2,3-Propanetriol	Glycerin / Glycerine / Glycerol / 1,2,3-Trihydroxypropane	(CAS-No.) 56-81-5	<0.1	Not classified
Citral	3,7-Dimethyl-2,6-octadienal / 2,6-Octadienal, 3,7-dimethyl-	(CAS-No.) 5392-40-5	<0.01	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Methanol	Methyl alcohol / Carbinol / Methyl hydroxide / Wood alcohol	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1	< 0.003	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
Chloroacetic acid	Acetic acid, chloro- / Chloroethanoic acid / MCA / Monochloroacetic acid / Monochloroethanoic acid	(CAS-No.) 79-11-8	< 0.002	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Dichloroacetic acid	Acetic acid, dichloro- / DCA / 2,2-Dichloroacetic acid / Dichloroethanoic acid	(CAS-No.) 79-43-6	< 0.002	Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl-	Hexylene glycol / 2,4-Dihydroxy-2-methylpentane / 2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol	(CAS-No.) 107-41-5	< 0.0003	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
Ammonia	Ammonia, anhydrous / Free ammonia / Gaseous ammonia / Non-ionic ammonia	(CAS-No.) 7664-41-7	< 0.0003	Flam. Gas 2, H221 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

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First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Causes eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause moderate irritation, including burning sensation, tearing, redness or swelling.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO₂), alcohol-resistant foam, or dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Sulfur oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Irritating fumes.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing (vapor, mist, spray).

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors, mist, spray. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

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Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Motor Vehicle Wash

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

1,2,3-Propanetriol (56-81-5)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m ³ (mist, total particulate) 5 mg/m ³ (mist, respirable fraction)
Ammonia (7664-41-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	25 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	35 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	18 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	25 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL)	27 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL STEL [ppm]	35 ppm
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	300 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	35 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	50 ppm
Citral (5392-40-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	5 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route, dermal sensitizer
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl- (107-41-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	25 ppm (vapor fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter, aerosol only)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	50 ppm (vapor fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (Ceiling)	125 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL C [ppm]	25 ppm
Methanol (67-56-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	250 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
USA ACGIH	BEI (BLV)	15 mg/l Parameter: Methanol - Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift (background, nonspecific)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	260 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL)	325 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL STEL [ppm]	250 ppm
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	6000 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	260 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	200 ppm
Chloroacetic acid (79-11-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	0.5 ppm (inhalable fraction and vapor)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
USA AIHA	WEEL TWA [ppm]	0.5 ppm
USA AIHA	AIHA chemical category	skin notation

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Dichloroacetic acid (79-43-6)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	0.5 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles.



Materials for Protective Clothing

: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection

: Wear protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection

: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection

: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information

: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Liquid
Appearance	: Green
Odor	: Lemon
Odor Threshold	: No data available
pH	: 8.2
Evaporation Rate	: No data available
Melting Point	: No data available
Freezing Point	: No data available
Boiling Point	: No data available
Flash Point	: > 93 °C (Closed Cup) (199.4 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	: No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative Density	: No data available
Specific Gravity	: 1.013
Solubility	: No data available
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, Dynamic	: 300 cP

9.2. Other Information

VOC content (California)	: 0 %
% NVM by Weight	: 6.3 %

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1. Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability:** Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

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- 10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.
- 10.5. Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.
- 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal decomposition may produce: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Nitrogen oxides. Irritating fumes.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified

Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified

Sodium lauryl sulfate (151-21-3)	
LD50 Oral Rat	1288 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 3900 mg/m ³ (Exposure time: 1 h)
1,2,3-Propanetriol (56-81-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	12600 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 10 g/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 2.75 mg/l/4h
Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	350 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	5.1 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	2000 ppm/4h (Exposure time: 4 h)
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivatives, sodium salts (68081-81-2)	
ATE (Oral)	1,080.00 mg/kg body weight
Citral (5392-40-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	4960 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	2250 mg/kg
2,4-Pentandiol, 2-methyl- (107-41-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	3700 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	12300 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	310 mg/m ³ (Exposure time: 1 h)
ATE (Vapors)	310.00 mg/l/4h
ATE (Dust/Mist)	310.00 mg/l/4h
Methanol (67-56-1)	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	15840 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	22500 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h)
ATE (Oral)	100.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE (Dermal)	300.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE (Vapors)	3.00 mg/l/4h
Chloroacetic acid (79-11-8)	
LD50 Oral Rat	55 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	250 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	180 mg/m ³ (Exposure time: 4 h)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	0.18 mg/l/4h
Dichloroacetic acid (79-43-6)	
LD50 Oral Rat	2820 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	510 mg/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 8.2

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes eye irritation.

pH: 8.2

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified. (Did not cause sensitization)

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Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Dichloroacetic acid (79-43-6)	
IARC group	2B
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause moderate irritation, including burning sensation, tearing, redness or swelling.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Not classified.

Sodium lauryl sulfate (151-21-3)	
LC50 Fish 1	8 (8 – 12.5) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	15 (15 – 18.9) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
NOEC Chronic Crustacea	0.88 mg/l
1,2,3-Propanetriol (56-81-5)	
LC50 Fish 1	54000 (51000 – 57000) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	0.083 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	25.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	0.26 – 4.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus)
Citral (5392-40-5)	
LC50 Fish 1	4.1 mg/l
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	7 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
2,4-Pentenediol, 2-methyl- (107-41-5)	
LC50 Fish 1	10500 (10500 – 11000) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	2700 (2700 – 3700) mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 Fish 2	10000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
Methanol (67-56-1)	
LC50 Fish 1	28200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1340 mg/l
LC50 Fish 2	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
Chloroacetic acid (79-11-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	145 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [semi-static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	77 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	71 – 85 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
ErC50 (Algae)	0.033 mg/l
NOEC Chronic Algae	0.005 mg/l
Dichloroacetic acid (79-43-6)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	23 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Zip Wax Car Wash & Wax	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

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12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Zip Wax Car Wash & Wax	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Sodium lauryl sulfate (151-21-3)	
BCF Fish 1	(will not bioconcentrate)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1.6
1,2,3-Propanetriol (56-81-5)	
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-1.76
Citral (5392-40-5)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.76 (at 25 °C)
2,4-Pentandiol, 2-methyl- (107-41-5)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	< 0.14
Methanol (67-56-1)	
BCF Fish 1	< 10
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.77
Chloroacetic acid (79-11-8)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.2

12.4. Mobility in Soil No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport

14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

All components in this mixture are listed on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, have been exempted, are not listed, not disclosed due to CBI requirements or disclosure rules according to the relevant regulation.

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SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 % (includes anhydrous Ammonia and aqueous Ammonia from water)

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	dissociable Ammonium salts and other sources, 10% of total aqueous Ammonia is reportable under this listing)
Methanol (67-56-1)	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %
Chloroacetic acid (79-11-8)	
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	100 – 10000 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %

15.2. US State Regulations

1,2,3-Propanetriol (56-81-5)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
Ammonia (7664-41-7)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
2,4-Pentanediol, 2-methyl- (107-41-5)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
Methanol (67-56-1)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
Chloroacetic acid (79-11-8)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
Dichloroacetic acid (79-43-6)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

California Proposition 65

 **WARNING:** This product can expose you to Dichloroacetic acid, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental Toxicity	Female Reproductive Toxicity	Male Reproductive Toxicity
Methanol (67-56-1)		X		
Dichloroacetic acid (79-43-6)	X	X		X

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision : 04/16/2021
Formula Identification Number : 40781
Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

GHS Full Text Phrases:

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Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 2
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Eye Irrit. 2B	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B
Flam. Gas 2	Flammable gases Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
Flam. Sol. 2	Flammable solids Category 2
Met. Corr. 1	Corrosive to metals Category 1
Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2
Press. Gas (Comp.)	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Skin Corr. 1	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization, category 1B
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation
H221	Flammable gas
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H228	Flammable solid
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H320	Causes eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H331	Toxic if inhaled

Zip Wax Car Wash & Wax

Safety Data Sheet

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H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H370	Causes damage to organs
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA Health Hazard

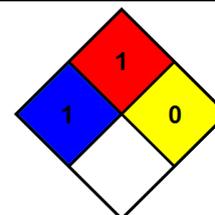
: 1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant irritation.

NFPA Fire Hazard

: 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.

NFPA Reactivity Hazard

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 1 Slight Hazard
Flammability : 1 Slight Hazard
Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard

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SDS US (GHS HazCom)