According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

ersion 1	Revision Date: 04/02/2020	-	DS Number: 00001027460	Print Date: 04/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/15/2019
	1. IDENTIFICATION			
Produ	ct name	:	Quaker State AT	F +4
Produ	ct code	:	001B9165	
Manu	facturer or supplier's	deta	ails	
Manuf	acturer/Supplier	:	 Shell Oil Produ PO Box 4427 Houston TX 772 USA 	
	Request mer Service	:	(+1) 877-276-72	85
Spill Ir	gency telephone num nformation n Information	:		
Recor Recon	nmended use of the o		: Transmission oil	
Recon Recon	nmended use 2. HAZARDS IDENTIF	ICA	: Transmission oil	
Recor Recon ECTION 2 GHS of	nmended use 2. HAZARDS IDENTIF classification in accor	TICA	TION	
Recon Recon ECTION 2 GHS o Long-t hazaro	nmended use 2. HAZARDS IDENTIF classification in accor	TICA	TION	
Recon Recon ECTION 2 GHS o Long-t hazaro GHS I	nmended use 2. HAZARDS IDENTIF classification in accor term (chronic) aquatic	TICA	TION	
Recon Recon ECTION 2 GHS o Long-t hazaro GHS I	nmended use 2. HAZARDS IDENTIF classification in accor term (chronic) aquatic d abel elements d pictograms	TICA	: Transmission oil TION Ice with 29 CFR 1 Category 3	
Recor Record ECTION 2 GHS of Long-t hazard GHS I Hazard Signal	nmended use 2. HAZARDS IDENTIF classification in accor term (chronic) aquatic d abel elements d pictograms	TICA	: Transmission oil TION TION TCE with 29 CFR 1 Category 3 No symbol No signal word PHYSICAL HAZ Not classified as HEALTH HAZAF Not classified as ENVIRONMENT	910.1200 ARDS: a physical hazard under GHS criteria. RDS: a health hazard under GHS criteria.
Recor Record ECTION 2 GHS 0 Long-t hazard GHS 1 Hazard Signal Hazard	nmended use 2. HAZARDS IDENTIF classification in accor term (chronic) aquatic d abel elements d pictograms word	TICA	Transmission oil TION Ce with 29 CFR 1 Category 3 No symbol No signal word PHYSICAL HAZ Not classified as HEALTH HAZAF Not classified as ENVIRONMENT H412 Harmful to Prevention:	910.1200 ARDS: a physical hazard under GHS criteria. RDS: a health hazard under GHS criteria. AL HAZARDS:
Recor Record ECTION 2 GHS 0 Long-t hazard GHS 1 Hazard Signal Hazard	nmended use 2. HAZARDS IDENTIF classification in accor term (chronic) aquatic d abel elements d pictograms word d statements	TICA	Transmission oil TION Ce with 29 CFR 1 Category 3 No symbol No signal word PHYSICAL HAZ Not classified as HEALTH HAZAF Not classified as ENVIRONMENT H412 Harmful to Prevention: P273 Avoid relea Response:	910.1200 ARDS: a physical hazard under GHS criteria. RDS: a health hazard under GHS criteria. AL HAZARDS: aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Recor Record ECTION 2 GHS 0 Long-t hazard GHS 1 Hazard Signal Hazard	nmended use 2. HAZARDS IDENTIF classification in accor term (chronic) aquatic d abel elements d pictograms word d statements	TICA	Transmission oil TION Ce with 29 CFR 1 Category 3 No symbol No signal word PHYSICAL HAZ Not classified as HEALTH HAZAF Not classified as ENVIRONMENT H412 Harmful to Prevention: P273 Avoid relea	ARDS: a physical hazard under GHS criteria. RDS: a health hazard under GHS criteria. AL HAZARDS: aquatic life with long lasting effects.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

Version	Revision Date:
3.1	04/02/2020

SDS Number: 800001027460

Print Date: 04/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/15/2019

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

:

Chemical nature

Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-9, 68649-12-7, 151006-60-9, 163149-28-8.

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil		Not Assigned	0 - 90
(<20,5 cSt @40°C) *			
Substituted hydro- carbyl sulphide	1-(tert- do- decylthio)propa n-2-ol	67124-09-8	0.25 - 0.9
Calcium alkaryl sul- phonate	Benzene, poly- propene derivs., sul- fonated, calci- um salts	75975-85-8	0.1 - 0.9
Borated ester	2-hydroxy-4- tetradecyl- 1,3,2- dioxaborolane	84819-41-0	0.1 - 0.9

Hazardous components

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

Vers 3.1	sion	Revision Date: 04/02/2020		S Number: 0001027460	Print Date: 04/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/15/2019
				rinsing.	enses, if present and easy to do. Continue on occurs, obtain medical attention.
	If swall	owed	:	0	tment is necessary unless large quantities wever, get medical advice.
		nportant symptoms ects, both acute and l	:	of black pustules	signs and symptoms may include formation and spots on the skin of exposed areas. ult in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
	Protect	ion of first-aiders	:		ng first aid, ensure that you are wearing the nal protective equipment according to the d surroundings.
	medica	on of any immediate I attention and special ent needed	:	Treat symptomation	cally.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire-	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth-	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

Version 3.1	Revision Date: 04/02/2020		S Number: 0001027460	Print Date: 04/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/15/2019
	ds and materials for nment and cleaning up	:	Prevent from spre or other containm Reclaim liquid dir Soak up residue	It. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. eading by making a barrier with sand, earth ent material. ectly or in an absorbent. with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other and dispose of properly.
Additio	onal advice	:	see Chapter 8 of	selection of personal protective equipment this Safety Data Sheet. disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of Sheet.
SECTION	7. HANDLING AND ST	ORA	AGE	
Techn	ical measures	:	Use local exhaus	ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

Technical measures	:	Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate- rials in order to prevent fires.
Avoidance of contact	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Product Transfer	:	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
Further information on stor- age stability	:	Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
		Store at ambient temperature.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.
Container Advice	:	Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high tem- peratures because of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/03/2020
3.1	04/02/2020	800001027460	Date of last issue: 10/15/2019

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parame- ters / Permissible	Basis
		exposure)	concentration	
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal- able particu-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		late matter)		

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures :	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.
------------------------	---

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

Version 3.1	Revision Date: 04/02/2020	SDS Number: 800001027460	Print Date: 04/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/15/2019
		drinking, and/c protective equi taminated cloth	s after handling the material and before eating, or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and pment to remove contaminants. Discard con- ning and footwear that cannot be cleaned. housekeeping.
Pers	onal protective equip	oment	
	iratory protection	: No respiratory conditions of u In accordance tions should be If engineering tions to a level select respirate cific conditions Check with res Where air-filter priate combina Select a filter s	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- e taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- of use and meeting relevant legislation. spiratory protective equipment suppliers. ring respirators are suitable, select an appro- tion of mask and filter. suitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	l protection emarks	gloves approve US: F739) mad suitable chemi gloves Suitabil usage, e.g. fre sistance of glo glove suppliers Personal hygie Gloves must o gloves, hands cation of a non For continuous through time o 480 minutes w short-term/spla recognize that may not be ava time maybe ac and replaceme a good predict dependent on Glove thicknes	ontact with the product may occur the use of ed to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, de from the following materials may provide cal protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber ity and durability of a glove is dependent on quency and duration of contact, chemical re- ve material, dexterity. Always seek advice from s. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. ene is a key element of effective hand care. nly be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- perfumed moisturizer is recommended. a contact we recommend gloves with break- f more than 240 minutes with preference for > here suitable gloves can be identified. For ash protection we recommend the same but suitable gloves offering this level of protection ailable and in this case a lower breakthrough ceptable so long as appropriate maintenance ent regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not or of glove resistance to a chemical as it is the exact composition of the glove material. as should be typically greater than 0.35 mm the glove make and model.
Еуе р	protection		andled such that it could be splashed into eyes, wear is recommended.
Skin	and body protection	: Skin protectior work clothes.	is not ordinarily required beyond standard

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

Vers 3.1	sion	Revision Date: 04/02/2020		S Number: 0001027460	Print Date: 04/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/15/2019		
				It is good practice	to wear chemical resistant gloves.		
	Protect	ive measures	:	: Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- mended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.			
	Therma	al hazards	:	Not applicable			
	Enviro	nmental exposure co	ntro	ls			
	Genera	al advice	:	vant environment of the environment necessary, preven charged to waste municipal or indus discharge to surfa Local guidelines of	measures to fulfill the requirements of rele- al protection legislation. Avoid contamination at by following advice given in Section 6. If at undissolved material from being dis- water. Waste water should be treated in a strial waste water treatment plant before ace water. on emission limits for volatile substances I for the discharge of exhaust air containing		
SEC	CTION 9	. PHYSICAL AND CHI	ЕМІС	CAL PROPERTIES	5		
	Appear	ance	:	Liquid at room te	mperature.		
	Odour		:	Slight hydrocarbo	on		
	Odour	Threshold	:	Data not availabl	e		
	рН		:	Not applicable			
	pour po	bint	:	-48 °C / -54 °F Method: ASTM D	097		
				-48 °C / -54 °F Method: ASTM D	097		
	Initial b range	oiling point and boiling	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(
	Flash p	point	:	210 °C / 410 °F			
				Method: ASTM D 184 °C / 363 °F	092 (COC)		
				Method: ASTM D	092 (COC)		
	Evapor	ation rate	:	Data not availabl	e		
	Flamm	ability (solid, gas)	:	Data not availabl	e		
		explosion limit / upper ability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)			
	Lower	explosion limit / Lower	:	Typical 1 %(V)			

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

Versic 3.1	on	Revision Date: 04/02/2020		S Number: 0001027460	Print Date: 04/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/15/2019		
fl	lammal	pility limit					
V	/apour	pressure	:	: < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F)			
				estimated value(s	3)		
R	Relative vapour density		:	> 1 estimated value(s	3)		
C	Density		:	851 kg/m3 Method: Unspeci	fied		
S	Solubility(ies) Water solubility		:	negligible			
	Solu	bility in other solvents	:	Data not availabl	e		
	Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water		:	log Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)			
A	Auto-ignition temperature		:	> 320 °C / 608 °F			
D	Decomposition temperature		:	Data not availabl	e		
V	Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic		:	Data not availabl	e		
	Visc	osity, kinematic	:	7.71 mm2/s (100	°C / 212 °F)		
				Method: ASTM D	445		
				35.13 mm2/s (40	.0 °C / 104.0 °F)		
				Method: ASTM D	445		
E	Explosiv	ve properties	:	Not classified			
С	Dxidizin	g properties	:	Data not availabl	e		
C	Conduc	tivity	: This material is not expected to be a static accumulato		ot expected to be a static accumulator.		

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

Vers 3.1	sion	Revision Date: 04/02/2020		9S Number: 0001027460	Print Date: 04/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/15/2019			
	Incomp	patible materials	:	: Strong oxidising agents.				
	Hazardous decomposition products		:	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.				
SEC	CTION 1	1. TOXICOLOGICAL	INFO	ORMATION				
	Basis f	or assessment	:	the toxicology of the data presente	is based on data on the components and similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, ed is representative of the product as a n for individual component(s).			
Information on likely routes Skin and eye contact are the accidental ingestion.				sure although exposure may occur following				
	Acute	toxicity						
	Produ							
	Acute of	oral toxicity	:	LD50 (rat): > 5,00 Remarks: Low to Based on availab				
	Acute i	inhalation toxicity	:	Remarks: Based are not met.	on available data, the classification criteria			
	Acute	dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > Remarks: Low to Based on availab				

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

Substituted hydrocarbyl sulphide:

Remarks: Experimental data has shown that the concentration of potentially sensitising compo-

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Da
3.1	04/02/2020	800001027460	Date of

Print Date: 04/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/15/2019

nents present in this product does not induce skin sensitisation. May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Calcium alkaryl sulphonate:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Borated ester:

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Remarks: Classified Skin Sensitiser Category 1B.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

·

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:
3.1	04/02/2020	800001027460

Print Date: 04/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/15/2019

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity		
<u>Product:</u> Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful
Toxicity to algae (Acute tox- icity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 10 - <=100 mg/l
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron-ic toxicity)	:	Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 10 - <=100 mg/l
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: NOEC/NOEL > 10 - <=100 mg/l
Components:		

Substituted hydrocarbyl sulphide:

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- : 1

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

Versior 3.1	'n	Revision Date: 04/02/2020	-	DS Number: 00001027460	Print Date: 04/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/15/2019
ici	ity)				
Pe	ersist	ence and degradabi	lity		
<u>Pr</u>	roduc	<u>:t:</u>			
Bi	iodeg	radability	:	Major constituent	adily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains may persist in the environment.
Bi	ioacc	umulative potential			
<u>Pr</u>	roduc	<u>:t:</u>			
Bi	ioaccu	umulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	ns components with the potential to bioac-
M	lobilit	y in soil			
<u>Pr</u>	roduc	<u>>t:</u>			
M	lobility	1	:		under most environmental conditions. nd has low mobility
				Remarks: Floats	on water.
O	ther a	adverse effects			
<u>Pr</u>	roduc	<u>:t:</u>			
	ddition nation	nal ecological infor-	:	ozone creation po Product is a mixtu	cone depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential. ure of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal
				Poorly soluble mi Causes physical	xture. fouling of aquatic organisms.
					not cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- ations less than 1 mg/l.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/03/2020	
3.1	04/02/2020	800001027460	Date of last issue: 10/15/2019	
Contaminated packaging		 Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste. Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, prefeto a recognized collector or contractor. The competence the collector or contractor should be established before Disposal should be in accordance with applicable region national, and local laws and regulations. 		
Local	legislation	•	be in accordance with applicable regional,	
Rema	rks		al laws and regulations.	

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

*: Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
DSL	:	All components listed.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

SDS Number:

800001027460

Quaker State ATF +4

Version	Revision Date:
3.1	04/02/2020

Print Date: 04/03/2020 Date of last issue: 10/15/2019

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH OSHA Z-1 ACGIH / TWA OSHA Z-1 / TWA Abbreviations and Acronyms	·· · · · · · ·	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants 8-hour, time-weighted average 8-hour time weighted average The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo- gy Of Chemicals ECHA = European Chemicals Agency EINECS = The European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EL50 = Effective Loading fifty ENCCS = Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory EWC = European Waste Code GHS = Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA = International Air Transport Association IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Quaker State ATF +4

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Print Date: 04/03/2020
3.1	04/02/2020	800001027460	Date of last issue: 10/15/2019
		determination of KECI = Korea E LC50 = Lethal 0 LD50 = Lethal 0 LL/EL/IL = Leth LL50 = Lethal L MARPOL = Inte Pollution From NOEC/NOEL = served Effect Lo OE_HPV = Occ PBT = Persiste PICCS = Philip Substances PNEC = Predic REACH = Regis Chemicals RID = Regulatio gerous Goods b SKIN_DES = S STEL = Short te TRA = Targeted TSCA = US To TWA = Time-W	ernational Convention for the Prevention of Ships No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob- evel cupational Exposure - High Production Volume nt, Bioaccumulative and Toxic pine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical ted No Effect Concentration stration Evaluation And Authorisation Of ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan-

A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).
Revision Date	:	04/02/2020

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US / EN