



## Safety Data Sheet

### Section 1: Identification

#### Product identifier

- Product Name** • Diesel STA-BIL
- Synonyms** • 590389
- Product Code** • 22254; 22255; 27234

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

- Recommended use** • Read label for use directions and claims
- Restrictions on use** • For use only in diesel fuel

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

- Manufacturer** • Gold Eagle Co.  
4400 S. Kildare Avenue  
Chicago, IL 60632-4372  
United States  
<http://www.goldeagle.com/>
- Telephone (General)** • 773-376-4400

#### Emergency telephone number

- Manufacturer** • 1-800-535-5053 - (INFOTRAC #22283)

### Section 2: Hazard Identification

#### United States (US)

According to: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

- OSHA HCS 2012** • Flammable Liquids 4  
Aspiration 1  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects  
Carcinogenicity 2  
Reproductive Toxicity 1B

#### Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012

#### DANGER



- Hazard statements** • Combustible liquid  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
Suspected of causing cancer.  
May damage fertility or the unborn child.

## Precautionary statements

- Prevention** • Obtain special instructions before use.  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
Avoid breathing mists, vapours, and/or spray.  
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

- Response** • In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.  
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.  
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
Do NOT induce vomiting.  
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

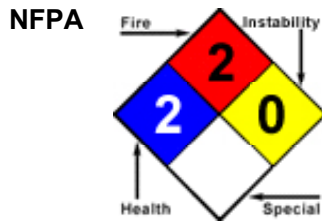
- Storage/Disposal** • Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
Keep cool.  
Store locked up.  
Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

## Other hazards

### OSHA HCS 2012

- Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

## Other information



## Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

### Substances

- Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

### Mixtures

Composition				
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive
Hydrotreated light naphthenic petroleum distillate (highly refined)	CAS:64742-53-6	0% TO 40%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012:
Xylene	CAS:1330-20-7 EC Number:215-535-7	0% TO 25%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Liq. 3; Acute Tox. 4 (inhl); Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; Repr. 1B (Inhl); STOT SE 3: Narc.; STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit.
Proprietary	Proprietary	0% TO 15%	NDA	OSHA HCS 2012:
	CAS:64742-94-5			

Solvent naphtha	<b>EC Number:</b> 265-198-5	0% TO 10%	NDA	<b>OSHA HCS 2012:</b> Not Classified
Naphthalene	<b>CAS:</b> 91-20-3 <b>EC Number:</b> 202-049-5	0% TO 5%	NDA	<b>OSHA HCS 2012:</b> Flam. Sol. 2; Acute Tox. 4 (orl); Skin Irrit. 2; Muta. 2; Carc. 2; Repr. 2; STOT SE 3: Narc.; STOT RE 1 (Blood, Eyes; Orl, Inhl)
Ethylbenzene	<b>CAS:</b> 100-41-4	0% TO 5%	NDA	<b>OSHA HCS 2012:</b>
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	<b>CAS:</b> 95-63-6 <b>EC Number:</b> 202-436-9	< 1%	NDA	<b>OSHA HCS 2012:</b> Flam. Liq. 3; Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3: Narc; STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit. (inhl); Asp. Tox. 1

## Section 4: First-Aid Measures

### Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

- Move victim to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.

#### Skin

- In case of burns, immediately cool affected skin for as long as possible with cold water. Do not remove clothing if adhering to skin. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water.

#### Eye

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention immediately.

#### Ingestion

- Do NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### Notes to Physician

- All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

## Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** • Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam and/or water fog.

#### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

- Water spray or fog can cool fire but may not be effective in extinguishing fire.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

- Containers may explode when heated.  
Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers.  
Combustible material: may burn but does not ignite readily.  
Many liquids are lighter than water.  
Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks).  
Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.  
Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.  
Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.  
Water may cause frothing.

#### Hazardous Combustion Products

- No data available

## Advice for firefighters

- Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.  
LARGE FIRES: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### Personal Precautions

- Ventilate enclosed areas. Do not walk through spilled material. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

#### Emergency Procedures

- As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. LARGE SPILL: Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 300 meters (1000 feet) ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.

### Environmental precautions

- Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Containment/Clean-up Measures

- Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. LARGE SPILLS: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. LARGE SPILLS: Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Handling

- Use only in well ventilated areas. Avoid contact with heat and ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against static charges. Do not use sparking tools. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Avoid breathing mist, vapours, spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage

- Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store below 150° F. Store in an area equipped with automatic sprinklers or fire extinguishing system. Empty containers contain product residues, assume emptied containers to have same hazards as full containers. Do not apply high heat or flame to containers. Keep separate from strong oxidizing agents.

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### Control parameters

#### Exposure Limits/Guidelines

Result	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA

Naphthalene (91-20-3)	TWAs	10 ppm TWA	10 ppm TWA; 50 mg/m3 TWA	10 ppm TWA; 50 mg/m3 TWA
	STELs	Not established	15 ppm STEL; 75 mg/m3 STEL	Not established
Xylene (1330-20-7)	TWAs	100 ppm TWA	Not established	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA
	STELs	150 ppm STEL	Not established	Not established
1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene (95-63-6)	TWAs	Not established	25 ppm TWA; 125 mg/m3 TWA	Not established

## Exposure controls

### Engineering Measures/Controls

- Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Use only appropriately classified electrical equipment.

### Personal Protective Equipment

#### Pictograms



#### Respiratory

- In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced.

#### Eye/Face

- Wear chemical splash safety goggles. Wear safety glasses.

#### Skin/Body

- Wear appropriate gloves.

### Environmental Exposure Controls

- Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways. Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste.

#### Key to abbreviations

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

STEL = Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

### Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description			
Appearance/Description	Amber liquid with a solvent odor.	Color	Amber
Odor	Solvent	Odor Threshold	No data available
General Properties			
Boiling Point	No data available	Melting Point/Freezing Point	-40 F(-40 C)
Decomposition Temperature	> 212 F(> 100 C)	pH	No data available
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	= 0.86 Water=1	Water Solubility	Negligible < 0.1 %
Viscosity	4 Centistoke (cSt, cS) or mm2/sec		
Volatility			
Vapor Pressure	0.035 mmHg (torr)	Vapor Density	4.5 Air=1
Evaporation Rate	< 1 n-Butyl Acetate = 1	VOC (Wt.)	100 %
VOC (Vol.)	100 %	Volatiles (Wt.)	100 %
Volatiles (Vol.)	100 %		
Flammability			
Flash Point	115 F(46.1111 C) CC (Closed Cup)	UEL	5.5 %

LEL	0.6 %	Autoignition	215 C(419 F)
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available		

## Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

### Reactivity

- No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### Chemical stability

- Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

- Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Incompatible materials.

### Incompatible materials

- Strong oxidants.

### Hazardous decomposition products

- Decomposes with heat. Hazardous gases/vapors produced are oxides of nitrogen and carbon monoxide. Decomposition temperature is >212°F.

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

### Information on toxicological effects

Components		
Solvent naphtha (0% TO 10%)	64742-94-5	<b>Acute Toxicity:</b> Inhalation-Rat LC50 • >590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4 Hour(s); Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >2 mL/kg; <b>Behavioral:Somnolence (general depressed activity); Behavioral:Changes in motor activity (specific assay); Behavioral:Irritability;</b> <b>Irritation:</b> Skin-Rabbit • 500 µL 24 Hour(s) • Mild irritation
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (< 1%)	95-63-6	<b>Acute Toxicity:</b> Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5 g/kg; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4 Hour(s); <b>Multi-dose Toxicity:</b> Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 100 ppm 6 Hour(s) 20 Day(s)-Intermittent; <b>Behavioral:Changes in motor activity (specific assay); Behavioral:Analgesia; Behavioral:Alteration of operant conditioning;</b> Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 16 Week(s)-Continuous; <b>Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder:Other changes in urine composition</b>
Naphthalene (0% TO 5%)	91-20-3	<b>Acute Toxicity:</b> Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 490 mg/kg; Ingestion/Oral-Mouse TDLo • 158 mg/kg; <b>Brain and Coverings:Other degenerative changes; Liver:Other changes; Biochemical:Metabolism (intermediary):Lipids, including transport;</b> Inhalation-Human TCLo • 250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> ; <b>Sense Organs and Special Senses:Eye:Lacrimation; Behavioral:Headache;</b> Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >20 g/kg; Unreported-Guinea Pig LD50 • 1200 mg/kg; <b>Behavioral:Somnolence (general depressed activity);</b> <b>Irritation:</b> Skin-Rabbit • 0.05 mL 24 Hour(s) • Severe irritation; <b>Multi-dose Toxicity:</b> Ingestion/Oral-Rat TDLo • 500 mg/kg 10 Day(s)-Intermittent; <b>Behavioral:Sleep; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Dyspnea;</b> Ingestion/Oral-Rat TDLo • 4500 mg/kg 10 Day(s)-Intermittent; <b>Brain and Coverings:Other degenerative changes;</b> <b>Mutagen:</b> Specific locus test • Inhalation-Rat • 30 ppm 13 Week(s)-Intermittent; Micronucleus test • Unreported Route-Human • Lymphocyte (Somatic cell) • 30 mg/L; <b>Reproductive:</b> Ingestion/Oral-Mouse TDLo • 2400 mg/kg (7-14D preg); <b>Reproductive Effects:Effects on Newborn:Live birth index; Reproductive Effects:Effects on Newborn:Viability index (e.g., # alive at day 4 per # born alive);</b> Ingestion/Oral-Rat TDLo • 4500 mg/kg (6-15D preg); <b>Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus); Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Other developmental abnormalities;</b> <b>Tumorigen / Carcinogen:</b> Inhalation-Mouse TCLo • 30 ppm 6 Hour(s) 2 Year(s)-Intermittent; <b>Tumorigenic:Neoplastic by RTECS criteria; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Tumors;</b> Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 1575 mg/kg 105 Week(s)-Intermittent; <b>Tumorigenic:Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria; Sense Organs and Special</b>

		<i>Senses:Olfaction:Tumors</i> ; Inhalation-Rat TClO • 60 ppm 6 Hour(s) 105 Week(s)-Intermittent; <i>Tumorigenic:Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria</i> ; <i>Sense Organs and Special Senses:Olfaction:Tumors</i>
Xylene (0% TO 25%)	1330-20-7	<b>Acute Toxicity:</b> Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 4300 mg/kg; <i>Liver:Other changes</i> ; <i>Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder:Other changes</i> ; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 5000 ppm 4 Hour(s); Inhalation-Human TClO • 200 ppm; <i>Sense Organs and Special Senses:Olfaction:Other changes</i> ; <i>Sense Organs and Special Senses:Eye:Conjunctive irritation</i> ; <i>Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Other changes</i> ; Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >1700 mg/kg; <b>Irritation:</b> Eye-Rabbit • 5 mg 24 Hour(s) • Severe irritation; Skin-Rabbit • 500 mg 24 Hour(s) • Moderate irritation; <b>Multi-dose Toxicity:</b> Inhalation-Rat TClO • 1000 ppm 6 Hour(s) 8 Day(s)-Intermittent; <i>Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Gross Metabolite Changes:Weight loss or decreased weight gain</i> ; <b>Reproductive:</b> Inhalation-Rabbit TClO • 1 g/m <sup>3</sup> 24 Hour(s)(7-20D preg); <i>Reproductive Effects:Effects on Fertility:Abortion</i> ; Inhalation-Rat TClO • 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 6 Hour(s)(1-21D preg); <i>Reproductive Effects:Effects on Fertility:Post-implantation mortality</i> ; <i>Reproductive Effects:Effects on Embryo or Fetus:Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus)</i> ; <i>Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Craniofacial (including nose and tongue)</i> ; Inhalation-Rat TDLo • 200 ppm 6 Hour(s)(4-20D preg); <i>Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Musculoskeletal system</i> ; <i>Reproductive Effects:Effects on Newborn:Behavioral</i>

GHS Properties	Classification
Respiratory sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012 • No data available
Serious eye damage/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012 • No data available
Acute toxicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • No data available
Aspiration Hazard	OSHA HCS 2012 • Aspiration 1
Carcinogenicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • Carcinogenicity 2
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	OSHA HCS 2012 • No data available
Skin corrosion/Irritation	OSHA HCS 2012 • No data available
Skin sensitization	OSHA HCS 2012 • No data available
STOT-RE	OSHA HCS 2012 • No data available
STOT-SE	OSHA HCS 2012 • Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects
Toxicity for Reproduction	OSHA HCS 2012 • Toxic to Reproduction 1B

## Potential Health Effects

### Inhalation

- Acute (Immediate)**
  - May affect the central nervous system. Symptoms may include dizziness, drowsiness, lethargy, coma and death.
- Chronic (Delayed)**
  - No data available.

### Skin

- Acute (Immediate)**
  - Material is classified as non-irritant and non-corrosive using GHS criteria.
- Chronic (Delayed)**
  - No data available.

### Eye

- Acute (Immediate)**
  - Material is classified as non-irritant using GHS criteria.
- Chronic (Delayed)**
  - No data available.

### Ingestion

- Acute (Immediate)**
  - Material may be aspirated into lungs during ingestion and/or subsequent vomiting. Aspiration of this material will cause severe lung injury, chemical pneumonitis, pulmonary edema or death.
- Chronic (Delayed)**
  - No data available.

### Carcinogenic Effects

- Suspected of causing cancer. This product contains components that are considered carcinogenic by OSHA, IARC, NTP.

Carcinogenic Effects			
	CAS	IARC	NTP
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

**Reproductive Effects**

- Animal tests for components have shown adverse reproductive effects.

**Key to abbreviations**

LC = Lethal Concentration

LD = Lethal Dose

TC = Toxic Concentration

TD = Toxic Dose

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

**Toxicity**

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

**Persistence and degradability**

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

**Mobility in Soil**

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

**Other adverse effects**

- Non-mandatory section - information about this substance not complied for this reason.

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

**Waste treatment methods****Product waste**

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

**Packaging waste**

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

## Section 14 - Transport Information

	UN number	UN proper shipping name	Transport hazard class(es)	Packing group	Environmental hazards
DOT	UN1993	Flammable Liquid, NOS (Xylene)	ORM-D	II	NDA

**Special precautions for user**

- None specified.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

- No data available



## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**SARA Hazard Classifications** • Acute, Chronic, Fire

### Other Information

- **WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

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## Section 16 - Other Information

### Revision Date

- 02/December/2015

### Preparation Date

- 09/September/2015

### Other Information

- Schedule B Number: 3811.19.0000.

### Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

- Information presented herein is believed to be factual, as it has been derived from the works and opinions of persons believed to be qualified experts. However, nothing contained in this information is to be taken as warranty or representation for which the Gold Eagle Co. bears legal responsibility. The user should review any recommendations in the specific context of the intended use to determine whether they are appropriate.

### Key to abbreviations

NDA = No Data Available

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