SAFETY DATA SHEET

KWBC03506

Section 1. Identification

| Product name | : KRYLON® Industrial QUIK-MARK [™] Water-Based Inverted Marking Chalk APWA Green |
|--|--|
| Product code | : KWBC03506 |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Product type | : Aerosol. |
| Relevant identified uses of t | he substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Not applicable. | |
| | |
| Manufacturer | : THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY KRYLON PRODUCTS GROUP Cleveland, OH 44115 |
| Emergency telephone number of the company | : (216) 566-2917 |
| Product Information Telephone Number | : (800) 247-3266 |
| Regulatory Information Telephone Number | : (216) 566-2902 |
| Transportation Emergency Telephone Number | : (800) 424-9300 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status | This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
|--|---|
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |
| Hazard statements | Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Response | : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. |
| Storage | Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. |
| | Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : None known. |
| | |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

| Substance/mixture | : Mixture |
|-------------------|------------------|
| Other means of | : Not available. |
| identification | |

CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 2-Amino-2-Methyl-1-Propanol | ≥10 - <20 ≥1.3 - <3 ≥0.3 - <1 | 67-63-0 124-68-5 13463-67-7 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Description of necess | <u>sary first aid measures</u> |
|------------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |

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Section 4. First aid measures

| Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
|--------------|---|
| Ingestion | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Potential acute health | n effects |
|------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| Inhalation | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Ingestion | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Over-exposure signs | /symptoms |
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |
| Skin contact | : No specific data. |
| Ingestion | : No specific data. |

| Indication of immediate med | lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Notes to physician | In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. |

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|---|------|

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides |
|--|--|
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |
| equipment for fire-fighters | apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| For emergency responders | : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |
| Methods and materials for co | ontainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Section 7. Handling and storage

| | _ | |
|--|---|---|
| Protective measures | : | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : | Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| 2-Propanol | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). | | |
| | TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. | | |
| | STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. | | |
| | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). | | |
| | TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. | | |
| | TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 10 hours. | | |
| | STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. | | |
| | STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. | | |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). | | |
| | TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. | | |
| | TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | |
| 2-Amino-2-Methyl-1-Propanol | None. | | |
| Titanium Dioxide | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). | | |
| | TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. | | |
| | OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). | | |
| | TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust | | |

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

Individual protection measures

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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|------------------------|--|
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | | |
|--|---|---|
| Physical state | 1 | Liquid. |
| Color | 1 | Not available. |
| Odor | 1 | Not available. |
| Odor threshold | 1 | Not available. |
| рН | 1 | 7 |
| Melting point | : | Not available. |
| Boiling point | : | Not available. |
| Flash point | : | Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | : | 1.44 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : | Lower: 2% Upper: 27% |
| Vapor pressure | 1 | 13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg) [at 20°C] |
| Vapor density | 1 | 1 [Air = 1] |
| Relative density | 1 | 0.92 |
| Solubility | 1 | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water | : | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 1 | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : | Not available. |
| | | |

| Section 9. Physical and chemical properties | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Viscosity | : Kinematic (room temperature): >0.205 cm ² /s (>20.5 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm ² /s (>20.5 cSt) | | |
| Molecular weight | : Not applicable. | | |
| Aerosol product | | | |
| Type of aerosol | : Spray | | |
| Heat of combustion | : 12.47 kJ/g | | |
| Section 10. Stab | ility and reactivity | | |
| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. | | |
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. | | |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. | | |

| Conditions to avoid | ; | Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). |
|---------------------|---|--|
| | | |

| Incompatible materials : | No specific data. |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
|--------------------------|-------------------|

| Hazardous decomposition | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should |
|-------------------------|---|
| products | not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-----------------------------|-------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| 2-Propanol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 12800 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5000 mg/kg | - |
| 2-Amino-2-Methyl-1-Propanol | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2900 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|--|-------------|
| 2-Propanol | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 10 milligrams | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 milligrams | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 milligrams | - |
| Titanium Dioxide | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent | - |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | 5 | | |
|--------------------------------|------|---------|-----|
| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
| 2-Propanol Titanium Dioxide | - | 3 2B | |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | ••• | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------------|------------|----------------------|---|
| 2-Propanol | Category 3 | | Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------------|------------|----------------------|----------------|
| 2-Propanol | Category 2 | Not determined | Not determined |

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : | Not available. | | | | |
|--|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Potential acute health effe | <u>cts</u> | | | | | |
| Eye contact | : | Causes serious eye irritation. | | | | |
| Inhalation | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |
| Skin contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |
| Ingestion | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. | | | | |
| Symptoms related to the p | hy | sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | | | | |
| Eye contact | - | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness | | | | |
| Inhalation | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing | | | | |
| Skin contact | : | No specific data. | | | | |
| Ingestion | 4 | lo specific data. | | | | |
| Delayed and immediate eff | iec | ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure | | | | |
| <u>Short term exposure</u> | | | | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | 1 | Not available. | | | | |
| Potential delayed effects | : | Not available. | | | | |
| Long term exposure | | | | | | |
| Potential immediate effects | 1 | Not available. | | | | |
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Potential delayed effects : Not available. Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

| General | : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Carcinogenicity | : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Developmental effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Fertility effects | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|-------|---------------|
| Oral | 30720.3 mg/kg |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------|
| | | Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha | 48 hours 96 hours |
| Titanium Dioxide | Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus | 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| 2-Propanol | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-----------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| 2-Amino-2-Methyl-1-Propanol | - | 320 | low |
| Titanium Dioxide | - | 352 | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | IATA | IMDG |
|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| UN number | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS, flammable | AEROSOLS |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | Special provisions LIMITED QUANTITY | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 13-2.17 (Class 2). Special provisions LIMITED QUANTITY | Special provisions (ERG#126) | <u>Special</u> provisions LIMITED QUANTITY | Emergency schedules (EmS LIMITED QUANTITY, F-D S-U |
| | <u>ERG No.</u> 126 | <u>ERG No.</u> 126 | ERG No. 126 | | |
| Special precaution | consi mode suitat prior respo unloa | modal shipping descr der container sizes. T of transport (sea, air oly for that mode of tra o shipment, and com nsibility of the person ding dangerous good ances and on all actio | he presence of a sl , etc.), does not ind ansport. All packagi pliance with the app offering the product s must be trained o | hipping description icate that the prod ng must be review blicable regulations it for transport. Per n all of the risks de | for a particular uct is packaged red for suitability s is the sole ople loading and |
| Fransport in bulk a to Annex II of MAR 73/78 and the IBC (| POL | ailable. | | | |
| | | shipping name | : Not available. | | |
| | Ship ty | - | : Not available. | | |
| | | on category | : Not available. | | |

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Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification | |
|--|---|--|
| Flam. Aerosol 1, H222 Press. Gas Comp. Gas, H280 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 | On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method | |
| <u>History</u> | | |
| Date of printing | : 1/16/2016 | |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 1/16/2016 | |
| Date of previous issue | : 11/28/2015 | |
| Version | : 1.06 | |
| Key to abbreviations | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Shi 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations | |

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject

Section 16. Other information

to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.